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site shore, it stopped to rest a second or so, floating a short distance down stream, when it resumed its movements towards the bank. Close to the bank it stopped paddling, floated gently up on the mud, and after a few moments' rest, crawled slowly out on the muddy shore, stopping again for a rest. Five or ten minutes later it was still resting in the sun. Never having seen the box tortoise swim before, this note is offered as possibly of interest.

DELOS E. CULVER,
Addingham, Pa.

NUMBER OF YOUNG PRODUCED BY CERTAIN SNAKES.

I quote the following records from my notes, trusting that they may be of some interest. All the specimens referred to were taken in Nelson County, Va.:

Natrix septemvittata. August 31st, 1914. Five young.

Natrix sipedon. I have never observed over 40 young, but have three records of this number, one each of 36, 33, and 25. Dates of birth, August 12th-October 12th.

Heterodon platyrhinos. August 16th, 1913. A nest of 34 eggs ploughed up in a field. They hatched August 23-27.

Agkistrodon contortrix. September 1, 1913, 7 young. These young snakes, though born alive, had well developed egg-teeth, which were not present in the young of either *Natrix*. They were quite evident in the young of *Heterodon*.

E. R. DUNN,
Haverford, Pa.

SOME AMPHIBIANS AND REPTILES OF CECIL COUNTRY, MARYLAND.

This list represents material I have examined or collected, unless otherwise stated. Sometimes, as